



Assault
Advanced Technology Review Board
ATRB 03-2 Final Report

12 August 2003



PMA 257



PMA 261



PMA 275



PMA 276



PMA 299



Naval Aviation Science and Technology Office
Naval Air Systems Command
Patuxent River, MD

INTRODUCTION

The Third Assault Advanced Technology Review Board (ATRB), designated Assault ATRB 03-2, was held on 12 August 2003 to review and prioritize Assault related S&T project submissions for FY 2004. The Assault ATRB membership consists of:

PEO(A) –OPS(M) – Chairman
Deputy for Operations, PEO(A)
PMA-257
PMA-261
PMA-275
PMA-276
PMA-299
N780F
HQMC (APW)

The Naval Aviation Science and Technology Office (AIR 4.0T) serves as facilitator for the ATRB and is supported by NR Naval Air Systems Command 1187. A representative from the National Defense Industrial Association (NDIA) will be invited in the future to serve on the board as a non-voting member and as a liaison with industry.

The Assault ATRB 03-2 was initiated by a letter from PEO(A) requesting proposals to be submitted to the ATRB. This letter was sent to various Navy R&D activities and to the NDIA for distribution to industry. Six technology proposals were received as a result of the Call Letter and all were selected for review. Five (5) proposals were submitted by industry and one (1) submitted by government personnel working for the Navy. The ATRB used the same evaluation forms, methodology and criteria that were used in previous ATRBs and can be found in Appendix B and C.

At the conclusion of Assault ATRB 03-2, N780 recommended to members of the Board that the following points be considered when evaluating new technologies.

Interoperability and Transformation The proposed technology should support a joint service interoperability process and should support the CNO's goals for transformation.

Operations and Support / Reliability and Maintenance The proposed technology should be centered on O&S and R&M principles to provide the warfighter with the most useable technology to meet the mission.

Technical Advances The proposed technology should center on the principles of smaller, lighter and less expensive than the current technology with emphasis on low power consumption and less heat generation.

EVALUATION PROCESS

The ATRB used a five level rating for each submission. The five levels of rating were: Support, Endorse, Interest, Pass and Concern. Definitions for each of the rating criteria are shown in Table 1.

In addition to rating the projects, the members provided comments on the strengths and weaknesses of the project as described in the submissions. These comments are used to provide feedback to the principal investigators in order to allow project improvement towards a successful technology transition.

Table 1 – Assault ATRB Rating Categories

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Support: | The technology has a high probability of transition to a PMA's programs and resources will be budgeted/planned to support transition. |
| Endorse: | The technology is of high interest and will be placed on a PMA roadmap and followed as it develops. Transition resources will be considered but not budgeted at this time. A subsidiary category, FUNCTIONAL ENDORSE, is used to endorse a general technology concept while NOT endorsing the specific technology in the submittal. |
| Interest: | The technology has high potential, but is not well enough defined, mature or focused to warrant endorsement at this time. The ATRB will monitor the progress and consider future endorsement as it matures. This category also includes technologies of general interest and importance to Naval Aviation products, but not specific enough to a PMA's product line to warrant endorsement. |
| Pass: | The technology does not apply or is not well enough defined. |
| Concern: | The ATR members have a concern or conflict with the technology as presented. These concerns will be forwarded to the technology community. |

After the evaluation was completed, the results were used in developing technology roadmaps for each PMA. These roadmaps contain timelines showing when transition opportunities may exist to insert technology upgrades, as well as timelines showing when the technology projects will be ready to transition. S&T projects rated Support, Endorse or Interest have been placed on the PMA Roadmaps. To provide for a smoother and efficient integration of the technology projects into the PMA planning process, a series of follow-up meetings are planned between the PMAs and the principal investigators. Resource sponsors (OPNAV and ONR) will be invited to attend. These meetings are intended to allow the PMA to gain a better understanding of the technology project, to ask detailed questions as to their status, payoff, cost, etc., and to begin a dialog that should expedite the transition of the technology project into their acquisition program.

The results of this ATRB will be sent to N78, ASN(RDA), NAVSTO, ONR and NDIA as a summary of PEO(A)'s view of the projects listed therein. It is intended that these results will assist in the selection of new S&T project starts and to assist OPNAV in supporting budget submissions for the highly rated projects.

RESULTS

A. ATRB Ratings and Grouping - The results of the ATRB evaluation are shown in Table 2. The results grouped by category are shown in Table 3.

B. Technology Roadmaps - Figures 1 through 5 depict technology roadmaps for each Assault PMA.

Table 2 – ATRB Evaluation and Scoring Results

| | VOTERS | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| S&T PROJECTS | PMA-257 | PMA-261 | PMA-275 | PMA-276 | PMA-299 | HQMC (APW) | N780F |
| 03-2-001 Multifunctional Wire Detection and Sensing of Slung Loads in a High Dust Environment, Goodrich Sensor Systems | Pass | Interest | Interest | Interest | Endorse | Pass | Interest |
| 03-2-002 Ultra-Wide Band (UWB) Altimeter Approach, Raytheon | Pass | Interest | Interest | Interest | Pass | Pass | Interest |
| 03-2-003 Standardized Modular Affordable Retrofit Technology (SMART), Raytheon | Pass | Interest | Interest | Interest | Pass | Interest | Interest |
| 03-2-004 Blue Force Tracker/VMF for Airborne Applications, Raytheon | Interest | Interest | Interest | Endorse Functional | Pass | Endorse | Interest |
| 03-2-005 Low cost Guided Imaging Rocket (LOGIR), China Lake | Interest | Pass | Pass | Endorse | Support | Support | Support |
| 03-2-006 Open System Architecture Display Processor, Raytheon | Pass | Pass | Interest | Interest | Pass | Pass | Interest |

Technology Lead

Table 3 – ATRB Evaluation and Grouping

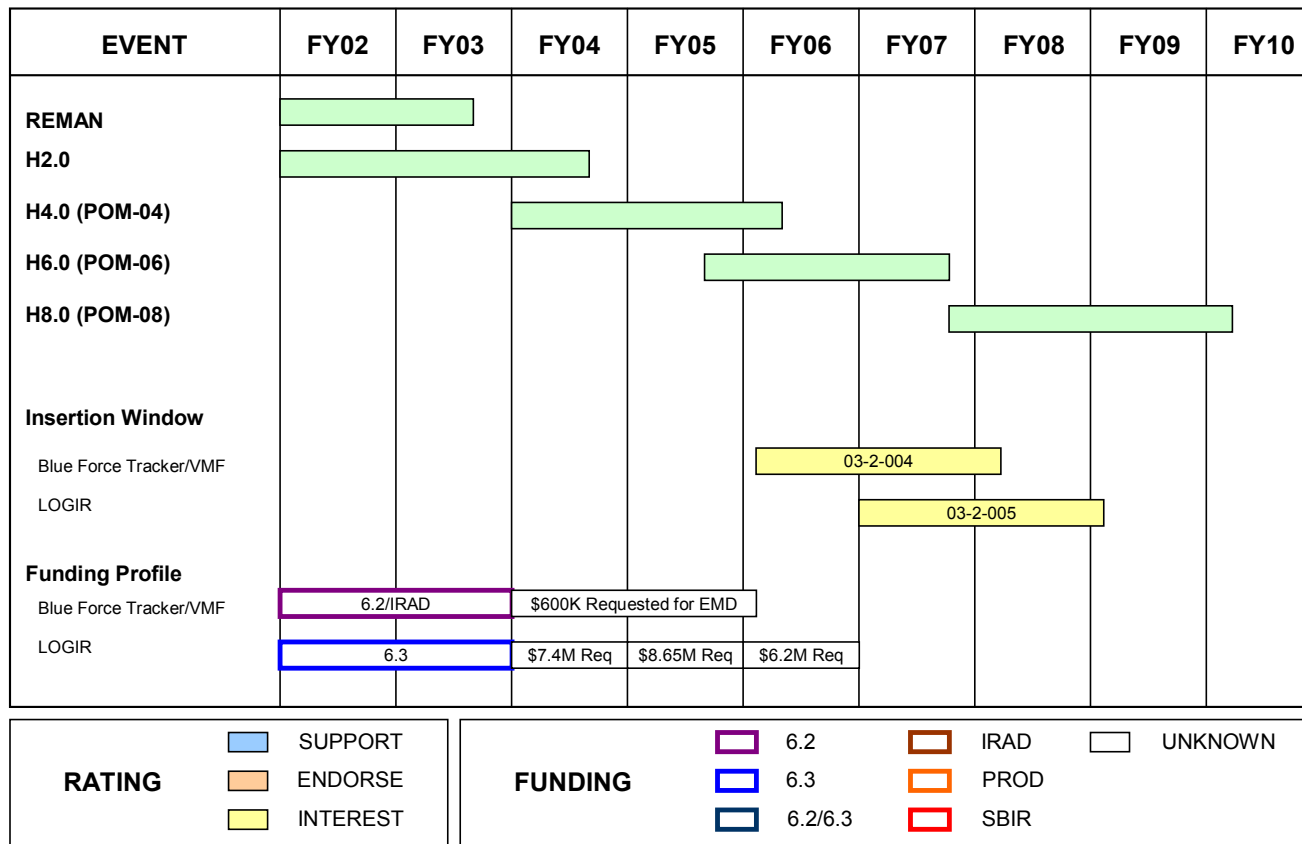
| Support | |
|-----------------|--|
| 03-2-005 | Low cost Guided Imaging Rocket (LOGIR) |
| Endorse | |
| 03-2-001 | Multifunctional Wire Detection and Sensing of Slung Loads in a High Dust Environment |
| 03-2-004 | Blue Force Tracker/VMF for Airborne Applications |
| Interest | |
| 03-2-002 | Ultra-Wide Band Altimeter Approach |
| 03-2-003 | Standardized Modular Affordable Retrofit Technology (SMART) |
| 03-2-006 | Open Systems Architecture Display Processor |
| Pass | |
| | None |
| Concern | |
| | None |

NOTE: Interest is in the functional concept, not necessarily in the specific technology.



PMA-257 ROADMAP

ATRB 03-2



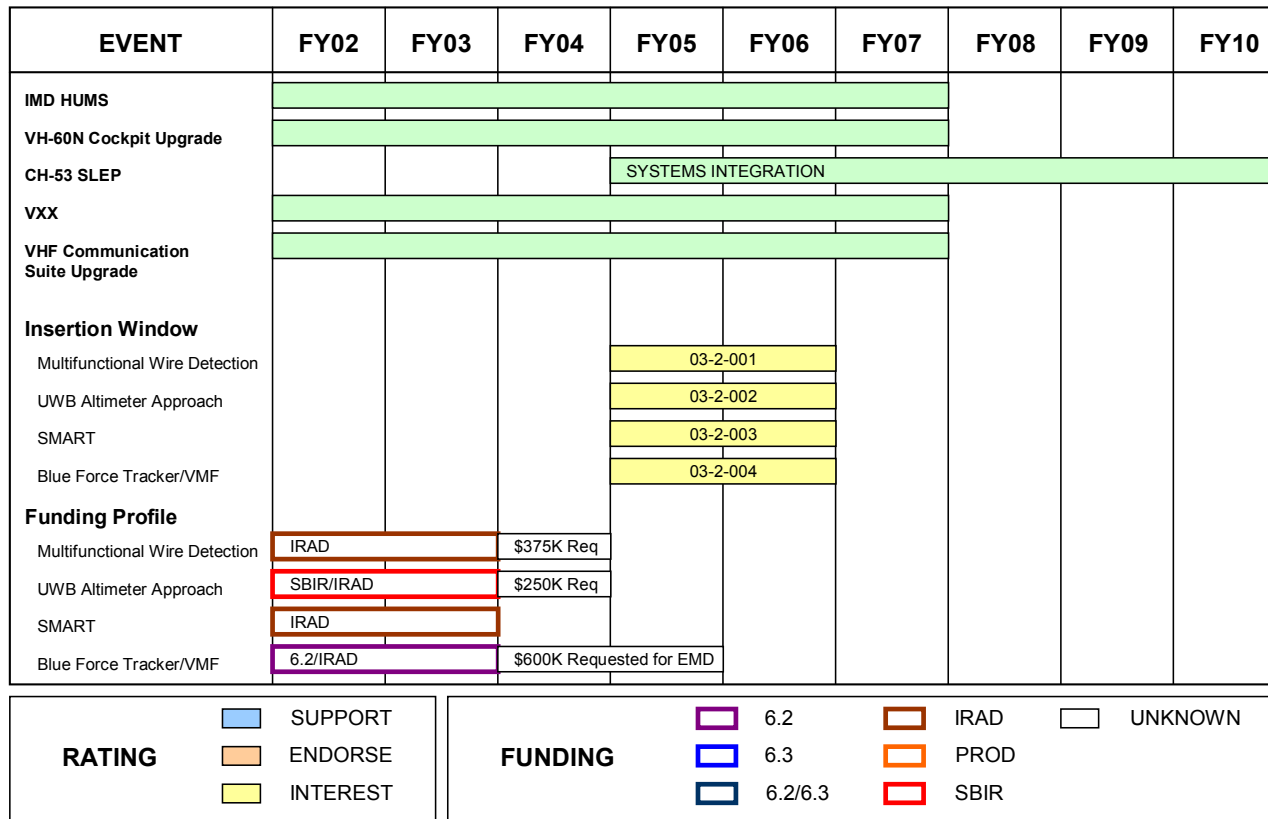
Note : Timelines for technology insertion and FNC Enabling Capabilities are estimates not yet approved by the FNC IPTs or the PMAs.

Figure 1 – PMA 257 Technology Insertion Roadmap



PMA-261 ROADMAP

ATRB 03-2



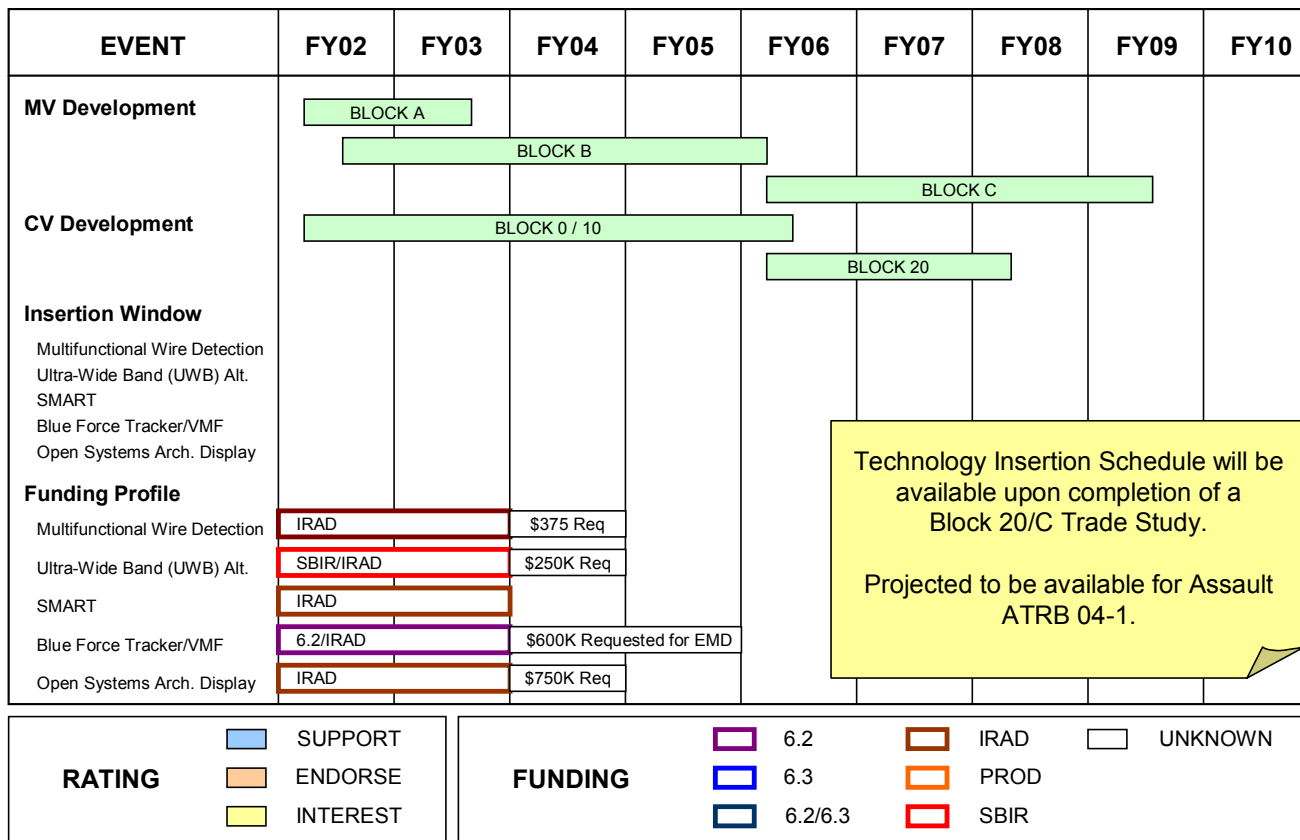
Note : Timelines for technology insertion and FNC Enabling Capabilities are estimates not yet approved by the FNC IPTs or the PMAs.

Figure 2 – PMA 261 Technology Insertion Roadmap



PMA-275 ROADMAP

ATRB 03-2



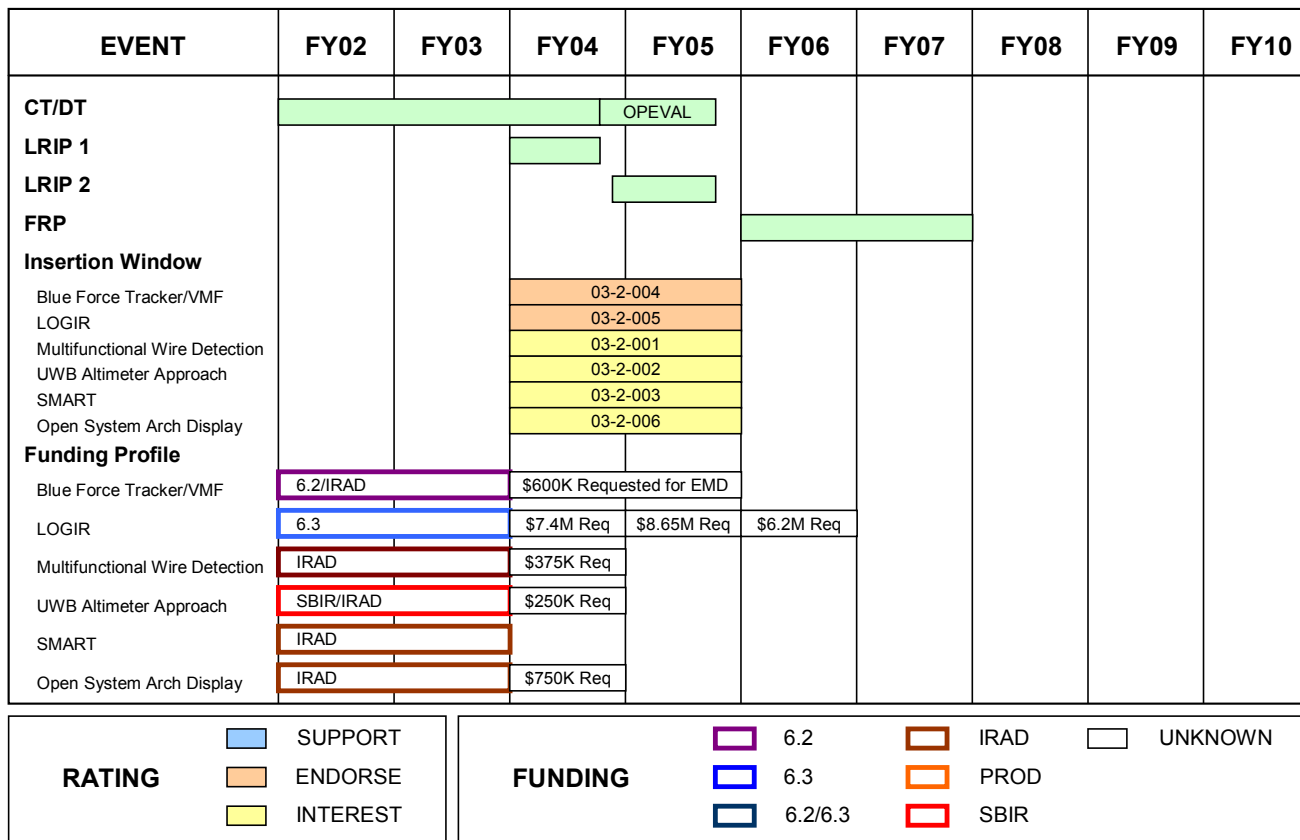
Note : Timelines for technology insertion and FNC Enabling Capabilities are estimates not yet approved by the FNC IPTs or the PMAs.

Figure 3 - PMA 275 Technology Insertion Roadmap



PMA-276 ROADMAP

ATRB 03-2



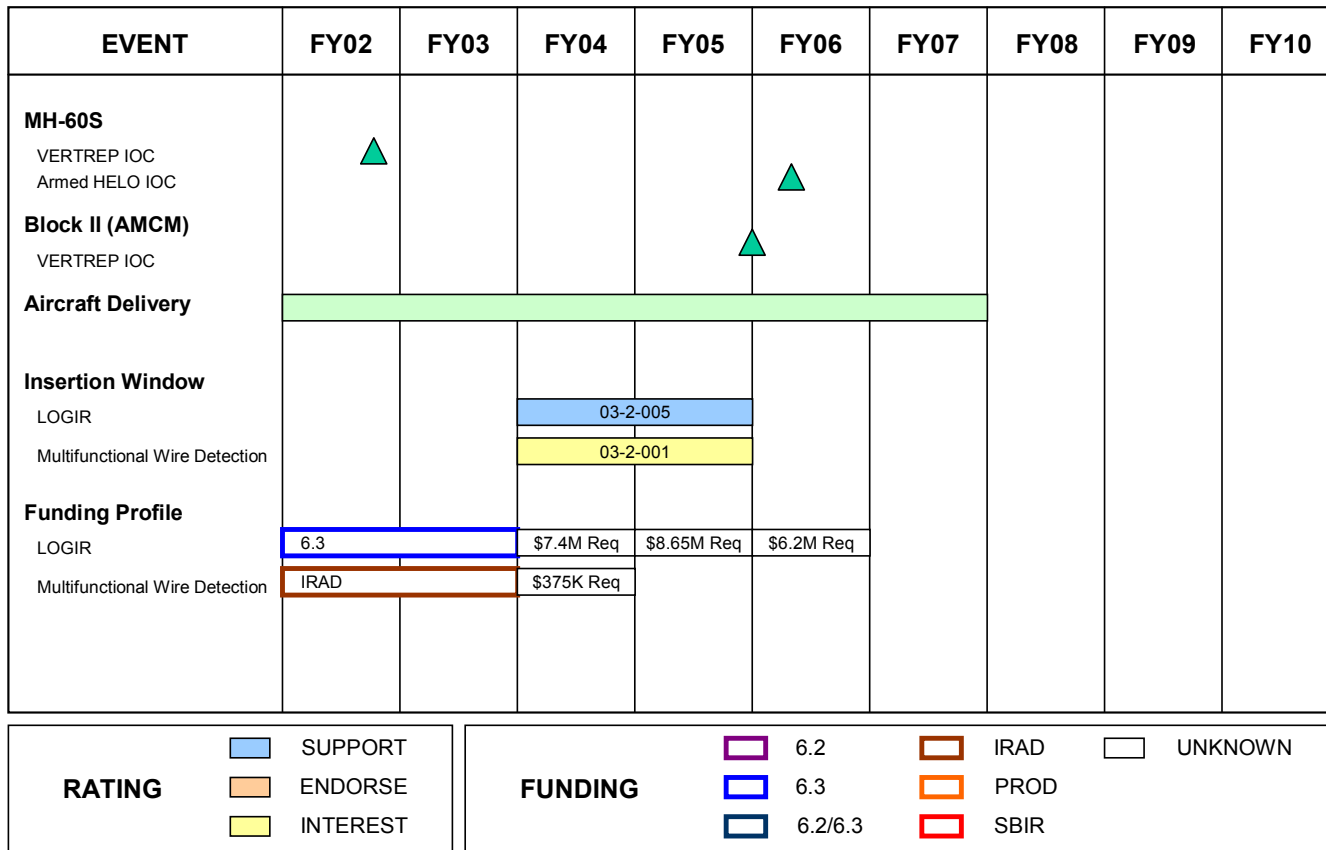
Note : Timelines for technology insertion and FNC Enabling Capabilities are estimates not yet approved by the FNC IPTs or the PMAs.

Figure 4 - PMA 276 Technology Insertion Roadmap



PMA-299 ROADMAP

ATRB 03-2



Note : Timelines for technology insertion and FNC Enabling Capabilities are estimates not yet approved by the FNC IPTs or the PMAs.

Figure 5- PMA 299 Technology Insertion Roadmap

These roadmaps contain timelines which show the platform system update cycle and when the technology programs would be available. The technology programs are coded by ATRB rating and S&T category. In addition, the roadmaps show some estimates as to the needs that the technology programs could satisfy. The horizontal boxes in the middle of the roadmaps represent the technology programs that apply to the particular platform or system and which could transition into those platforms or systems.

Roadmaps showing the timelines for S&T projects reviewed in earlier ATRBs can be found in the final reports for those ATRBs. These reports are available from the NAVSTO Office.

SUMMARY

The Assault ATRB 03-2 has examined and evaluated 6 S&T proposals with results being forward to ONR, N-780, and HQMC. The ATRB process should positively impact the planning and support for the projects rated either Support or Endorse.

It is gratifying that industry has become a major participant in the Assault ATRB process. This makes the process more effective by providing industry with a vehicle to have their S&T work examined early and for opportunities to transition into major Assault acquisition programs. The next Assault ATRB, 04-1, will be held on April 8, 2004.

ATRB RESULTS HISTORY

As of this report, the Assault ATRB has reviewed 36 S&T proposals. Five (5) were submitted by government activities and 31 were submitted by industry. A complete summary of the results and status of these proposals are contained in Appendix A. The appendix contains information on the title, author, type of work, ATRB rating, lead PMA, and status. It also identifies the enabling capability category within the littoral Assault FNC process the project supports and how the project relates to CNO's priority list. This chart will be updated after each ATRB.









Status is shown in the familiar red-yellow-green "stoplight" format. A green circle indicates that transition planning has started for that project, with funding either in place or planned, to integrate the S&T product into a PMA program. A yellow circle indicates that the lead PMA will continue to monitor the progress of the work and if it appears that the payoff, cost or maturity has been demonstrated, then transition planning may begin. A red circle indicates that no further PMA/PI efforts are warranted, either because the work is not air USW related or the transition potential was deemed low.











The ATRB process is helping a number of projects begin the transition from science and technology into the acquisition mainstream and is providing the Air USW PMAs an opportunity to get an early look at promising technologies.











Comments or questions should be directed to Mr. Dave Bailey in the NAVSTO Office. His telephone number is 301-342-0219. His e-mail address is david.b.bailey@navy.mil.









APPENDIX A

ASSAULT ATRB SUBMISSION SUMMARY THROUGH 03-2

| Project Title | ATRB Submitted | Principal Investigator/Activity or Company | On-going/ New Work | Type of Project | CNO Priority Category (Note 3) | Littoral Combat FNC Category | Lead PMA | PMA Mtg Date | On PMA Roadmap | Status (Note 5) |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------|---|
| RePLACE | 02-1 | William J. Cannon TRW Avionics (937) 259-4965 | On-going | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | 276 | Note 2 | No |  |
| CART | 02-1-007 03-1-006 | David Barton EDaptive Computing (937) 433-0477 | On-going | SBIR | 2, 3 | 3 | 257 | Note 2 | No |  |
| TCDL | 02-1-008 03-1-007 | Al Modrovsky/James Perry L-3 Communications (801) 594-3473/3633 | New | 6.2 | 2, 3 | 3,4 | 257 | Note 2 | No |  |
| EPLRS | 02-1-009 03-1-008 | Joseph Norton/Stan Krutsick Raytheon (714) 732-0190/0502 | On-going | 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3,4 | 257 | Note 2 | No |  |
| 3D Digital Design | 02-1 | Roger Lindle GE Aircraft Engines (513) 786-5812 | New | 6.2 | 2, 3 | 3 | | Note 2 | No |  |
| CM2A | 02-1-019 03-1-009 | Dr. David Haas NSWCCD (301) 227-1397 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 261 | Note 2 | No |  |
| IAIMS | 02-1 | Jim Cycin Sikorsky (203) 386-5664 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 261 | Note 2 | No |  |
| Active Vibration Control | 02-1-011 03-1-020 | William Welsh Sikorsky (203) 386-6291 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | Note 2 | No |  |

| Project Title | ATRB Submitted | Principal Investigator/Activity or Company | On-going/ New Work | Type of Project | CNO Priority Category (Note 3) | Littoral Combat FNC Category | Lead PMA | PMA Mtg Date | On PMA Roadmap | Status (Note 5) |
|--|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Advanced Power Mgmt | 02-1 | Gary Howland Sikorsky (203) 386-3779 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | Note 2 | No |  |
| Partial Authority Control | 02-1-014 03-1-021 | John Occhiato Sikorsky (203) 386-5285 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | Note 2 | No |  |
| Full Authority Fly-by-Wire | 02-1-013 03-1-022 | Bruce Boczar/John Mayo Sikorsky (203) 386-3720/4193 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | Note 2 | No |  |
| Advanced IR Suppression | 02-1 | Scott Munro Sikorsky (203) 384-7197 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Low Burden Multispectral Camouflage | 02-1 | Scott Munro Sikorsky (203) 384-7197 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| MUST | 02-1 | Jerry Rubinsky NAWCAD (310) 342-9355 | On-going | 6.2 | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | Note 2 | No |  |
| Gearbox & Transmission Drive Train Producibility | 02-1 023/024 03-1-018 | Ed Karades Sikorsky (203) 386-4075 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | Note 2 | No |  |
| Composite Fuselage | 02-1-025 03-1-023 | S. P Garbo Sikorsky (203) 386-4576 | New | 6.2/ 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | Note 2 | No |  |
| Wire & Obstacle Detection for Helos | 03-1-001 | Blattel, Ray NAWCWD/ Waveband (937) 259-4965 | New | 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Wire and Obstacle Detection and Avoidance | 03-1-002 | Almsted, Larry Honeywell (612) 951-6521 | On-going | Honeywell IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | | No |  |

| Non-Intrusive Airspeed/Obstacle Sensor | 03-1-004 | Carico, Dean NAVAIR/OADS (301) 342-1382 | On-going | 6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | 275 | | No |  |
|--|----------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Project Title | ATRB Submitted | Principal Investigator/Activity or Company | On-going/ New Work | Type of Project | CNO Priority Category (Note 3) | Littoral Combat FNC Category | Lead PMA | PMA Mtg Date | On PMA Roadmap | Status (Note 5) |
| Terrain Following/Terrain Avoidance & Enhanced SA Technologies | 03-1-005 | Kurtz, Rick TRW (937) 259-4825 | On-going | TRW IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Wire/Obstacle Avoidance | 03-1-006 | Judge, John SAC (203) 386-5840 | New | 6.2/6.3 | 2, 3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Structural Load Bearing Phased Array Antenna | 03-1-010 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3,4 | 275 | | No |  |
| Sand & Dust Penetrating Radar | 03-1-011 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | 275 | | No |  |
| Spatial 3-D Audio Enhanced and Aural Cueing | 03-1-012 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 4 | 275 | | No |  |
| Wireless Intercom System | 03-1-013 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 4 | 299 | | No |  |
| LPI/LPD Intra-Formation Positioning System | 03-1-014 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3,4 | | | No |  |
| Combat Survivor/Evade r secure voice & data link | 03-1-015 | Butt, Jim Boeing (610) 591-8071 | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 4 | 299 | | No |  |
| Individual Blade Control (IBC) | 03-1-016 | Welsh, William SAC (203) 386-6291 | New | IR&D? | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | | No |  |

| Project Title | ATRB Submitted | Principal Investigator/Activity or Company | On-going/ New Work | Type of Project | CNO Priority Category (Note 3) | Littoral Combat FNC Category | Lead PMA | PMA Mtg Date | On PMA Roadmap | Status (Note 5) |
|---|----------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Low Cost Growth Rotor Blade (GRB) | 03-1-017 | Vadasz, Andy SAC (203) 386-4675 | New | IR&D? | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | | No |  |
| Helicopter Airframe Producibility | 03-1-019 | Varanay, Steve SAC | New | IR&D | 2, 3 | 3 | 299 | | No |  |
| Multifunctional Wire Detection and Sensing | 03-2-001 | Flemming, Paul Goodrich Sensor Systems (952) 892-4822 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 3 | 299 | | No |  |
| Ultra-Wide Band Altimeter Approach | 03-2-002 | Hardman, Brian Raytheon (317) 306-4694 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Standardized Modular Affordable Retrofit Technology | 03-2-003 | Hardman, Brian Raytheon (317) 306-4694 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 3 | | | No |  |
| Blue Force Tracker/VMF for Airborne Applications | 03-2-004 | Negro, James Raytheon (317) 306-2801 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 3 | 276 | | No |  |
| Low cost Guided Imaging Rocket | 03-2-005 | McCauley, Howard NAWCWEP (760) 939-0546 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 2 | 276 299 | | No |  |
| Open System Architecture Display Processor | 03-2-006 | Negro, James Raytheon (317) 306-2801 | New | IR&D | 2,3 | 3 | | | No |  |

Assault ATRB Submission Summary

Notes:

1. Blue boxes indicate government submittals; white boxes indicate industry submittals.
2. There were no PMA/PI meetings prior to ATRB 02-1.
3. CNO Priority List:
 1. Manpower
 2. Current Readiness
 3. Future Readiness
 4. Quality of Service
 5. Alignment
4. The Littoral Combat FNC Enabling Capabilities are as Follows:
 1. Provide Enhanced Expeditionary ISR For the Amphibious Force (AF).
 2. Provide Enhanced Expeditionary Fire Support for the MAGTF.
 3. Enhance the ability of the MAGTF to Maneuver in the Littorals
 4. Provide Enhanced Expeditionary Task Force Command and Control in the Littorals.
5. (a) Green Circle – PMA/PI transition planning initiated. Funding has either been made available or included in PMA budget session
(b) Half Green Circle – No transition planning yet, but due to high rating, ATRB will review progress semi-annually.
(c) Yellow Circle – PMA will continue to monitor work progress.
(d) Red Circle – No further PMA/PI efforts required.

APPENDIX B

**TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM DESCRIPTION FORMAT
AND
DEFINITIONS**

ASSAULT ATRB S&T DESCRIPTION SUBMITTAL FORM

Target PMA(s)/Weapon System(s): _____

Project Title: _____ Date: _____

Principal Investigator: _____ IOC Date (N,M,F): _____

Agency (Code /Company): _____ (<7, <15, 15+ yrs)

Phone Number: _____ Type of Funding: _____

Email: _____ (6.2, 6.3, SBIR, etc)

A. Continuing Project: _____

Funding (\$K): Amount used over past _____ yrs _____

Funding Requested (\$K): _____ CFY, _____ C+1FY, _____ C+2FY

B. New Project: _____

Requested (\$K): _____ CFY, _____ C+1FY, _____ C+2FY

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Describe the technology/project in terms of:

1. What is the objective of the technology/project?
2. What problem does it address? Is it tied to a need/requirement?
3. What is the planned product (documentation, hardware/software demo's, etc) at the conclusion of the technology effort?
4. What is it - i.e., an algorithm, a sensor, a system, etc.?
5. What function does it perform - detection, localization, mission planning, etc.?
6. How does it work?
7. Anything else that will help the board to understand the project!

ADDRESSES VALID NAVY NEED/REQUIREMENT

Is there a documented operational need or warfighting shortfall?

1. Address whether there is a MNS or ORD for the program.
2. Identify whether any of the referenced documents discuss a need for which this type of technology could provide a solution.
3. Specify and identify the source (reference, supporting documentation) of the need such as, PMA technological need/issue, Future Naval Capability (FNC), CCI, Naval messages, etc.

OPERATIONAL PAYOFF

Has the improvement/enhancement been quantified and verified?

1. Describe the benefit and value this technology provides to the platform, the respective PMA or PMAs and the Navy.
2. Discuss what improvements inserting this technology will make.
3. Improvements should be described in terms of operational payoff, i.e., increase in detection range or area coverage, improved capability for rapid target localization in littoral environment, less false alarms, etc.
4. Identify what ops analysis has been done to quantify improvements.

COST/AFFORDABILITY

Has a total life cycle cost analysis been done to show technology is affordable?

1. What is being requested from the PMA? (support such as roadmap insertion and PMA resources or endorsement such as encouragement, potential roadmap insertion).
2. Address what life cycle costing has been done to project what cost savings would be achieved if this technology were inserted into a system or platform.
3. Provide an estimate of the R&D (i.e. 6.3, 6.4) costs to bring the technology to completion and to integrate the technology into an operational system.
4. Current budget for the project?
5. Other potential users or benefactors of this technology?

RISK

Have risk factors (performance, cost, schedule, etc.) been addressed?

1. Discuss what has been done to ensure that the technical, programmatic, and cost risk elements have been addressed or are being addressed.
2. Discuss what testing, both in the laboratory and in the field, has been done to show that technology is being matured.
3. Discuss the schedule to complete R&D on project.
4. Discuss level of maturity of the technology proposed (**Use DDR&E Technology Readiness Level definitions listed below.**)
5. Discuss expectation to be ready to transition to System Development and Demonstration (SD&D).

SUPPORTABILITY

Has the support tail been sufficiently thought out?

1. Address the impact this technology may have on logistic support.
2. Address logistics needs including training and R&M as well as sparing.
3. Will this technology be less costly or more to support than what it is replacing?
4. Will technology be considered off-the-shelf in near future, etc.

TRANSITION POTENTIAL

Is the opportunity to transition real? Has PMA put program into its execution plan?

1. Discuss how much dialogue you have with potential PMAs to solicit their support to transition the technology into their programs.
2. Is the PMA ready to speak out for this technology?
3. Have they included it in their program plans? Provide names, codes and phone numbers.
4. What are the interfaces and outside impacts required to transition the technology?

OPNAV SPONSOR SUPPORT

Is there strong support in OPNAV for program? Who?

1. Discuss how much support there is in OPNAV.
2. Who are the proponents and have they obtained the support of their flags.
3. How much "selling" has been done?
4. Describe nature of interactions, i.e. meetings held, when and how often.
5. Provide POCs, their codes and phone numbers.

DDR&E TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVELS

Basic Technology Research:

Level 1: Basic principles observed and reported

Research to Prove Feasibility:

Level 2: Technology concept and/or application formulated

Level 3: Analytical and experimental critical function and/or characteristic proof of concept

Technology Development:

Level 4: Component and/or breadboard validation in laboratory environment

Technology Demonstration:

Level 5: Component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment

Level 6: System/subsystem model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment (ground space)

System/Subsystem Development:

Level 7: System prototype demonstration in an operational environment

System Test, Launch and Operations:

Level 8: Actual system completed and "flight qualified" through test and demonstration

Level 9: Actual system "flight proven" through successful mission operations

APPENDIX C

**EVALUATION FORM
AND
TRANSITION METRICS**

ASSAULT ATRB 03-2 EVALUATION FORM

Project Title:

Date:

Summary Rating:

Rater:

NEED/REQUIREMENT

Is there a documented operational need or warfighting shortfall?

Strengths:

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

PAYOFF

Has the improvement/enhancement been quantified and verified?

Strengths:

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

COST/AFFORDABILITY

Has a total life cycle cost analysis been done to show technology is affordable?

Strengths:

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

RISK

Have risk factors (performance, cost, schedule, etc.) been addressed?

Strengths:

Weakness

Rating: (0 - 5)

SUPPORTABILITY

Has the support trail been sufficiently thought out?

Strengths

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

OPNAV SPONSOR SUPPORT

Is there strong support in OPNAV for program? Who?

Strengths:

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

TRANSITION POTENTIAL

Is the opportunity to transition real? Has PMA put program into its execution plan?

Strengths:

Weakness:

Rating: (0 - 5)

OVERALL COMMENTS:

Transition Criteria/Metric

Criteria #1 - NEED. Is there a documented operational need, warfighting shortfall or other (i.e. obsolescence, affordability, supportability) need that this technology could help fill?

4 - 5: A documented requirement exists, such as a MNS or ORD, which defines the shortfall or improvement desired. The need is real and not just a “nice to have” item. The quantity of improvement required is spelled out as well as the time frame within which the improvement is needed. A program sponsor exists or has been identified. A budgetary line item exists that addresses the requirement.

2 - 3: A documented requirement exists (probably in draft form), but the concomitant budget or schedule is not there yet. If no documentation exists, there are at least fleet messages/letters that cite known problem areas. The planning information should be done in time for next POM submission.

0 - 1: There is no documentation to define the requirement. The requirement is being talked about, but has not been formalized.

Criteria #2 - OPERATIONAL PAYOFF. There exists some indication that the technology will enhance the operational capability of the aircraft. Another way to look at this criteria is that there is some ultimate benefit that will be derived from the procurement and integration of the end product produced by the S&T project.

4 - 5: The improvement or enhancement has been quantified either as an absolute number (i.e., x more weapons on target) or as a percentage change (i.e., x% increase in range or payload). The improvement can also be either modeled or measured with actual testing. Payoff appears to be high. A plus would be any war gaming (i.e. TIG) that has been done on the technology.

2 - 3: The degree of improvement has been quantified to some extent, but detailed verification of the values has not been done. However, the values are near to being completed and are subject to verification with modeling or testing. Payoff appears to be moderate to high.

0 - 1: The improvements have not been quantified or exist only as numbers on a viewgraph.

Criteria #3 - RISK. Has an overall assessment be done of the risk factors affecting successful achievement of the performance objectives? These include such factors as: performance, cost, schedule, degree of difficulty, technical approach, etc.).

4 - 5: Perceived risk is low or manageable within the resources of the program. Technology is sufficiently mature so as to minimize risk. Technology has been tested in a variety of situations, both in lab and in flight. Risk mitigation plans/options are in place. All involved are aware of and accept risk.

2 - 3: Some risk but completely manageable. Technology has been around long enough that its faults are well known and programs are in place to remediate them soon. Some testing has been done and shortcomings are understood. PMA plans allows some tolerance to schedule or performance changes. Changes are not major and do not alter original enhancement or payoff.

0 - 1: Risk is deemed too high based on immaturity of technology or excessive cost or time to bring to fruition. Expected payoff not worth accepting this risk.

Criteria #4 - LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS. An analysis of the developmental, production, integration/installation and life cycle support costs of inserting the technology exists or is being addressed.

4 - 5: An analysis of the total life cycle costs of inserting the technology has been done. The cost has been broken down into developmental, production, integration/installation and life cycle support with sufficient detail to serve as the budget numbers. The numbers have been validated using standard cost models or analyses. Costs are reasonable and affordable.

2 - 3: The developmental costing has been completed in detail, but the production and/or life cycle support costs are not well defined yet. However, initial estimates for these costs exist and can be refined without major effort. Costs appear to be somewhat high for integrating and supporting this technology.

0 - 1: No specific costing information exists yet. Only “back of the envelope” estimates or other SWAGs have been done. Considerable effort must go into developing the costs.

Criteria #5 - SUPPORTABILITY. The degree to which the planned logistics resources, including manpower, are in place within the existing Navy support system to meet peacetime readiness and wartime utilization requirements.

4 - 5: The technology is easily supported (e.g., COTS based) or is throwaway. The impact of the new technology is to reduce logistic support costs. The technology has such reliability as to not require support within its planned lifetime. The technology can be supported without major changes to the infrastructure or logistics chain.

2 - 3: The technology only requires minor changes to the support system. Any special test equipment, etc. is available or off-the-shelf. Most maintenance can be done at the squadron level. Little depot or other maintenance required.

0 - 1: Major changes to infrastructure required to support the technology. System so complicated that it must be maintained at depot or factory level. Cost of spares very high.

Criteria #6 - OPNAV SPONSOR SUPPORT. The technology product has sufficient priority within OPNAV that there is strong willingness to help establish the required budgets and garner flag level support for the program.

4 - 5: The appropriate OPNAV sponsor is thoroughly briefed and supports the transition. Factors to help obtain this support include: joint service potential, mission importance, moneys available, fleet inputs, etc.). Both warfare and program sponsors are in agreement.

2 - 3: General agreement exists, but all wickets have not been passed. Some further work to bring everyone up to speed and on-board needs to be done. But this is feasible since no major obstacles exist.

0 - 1: No major claimant for program. Fleet isn't clamoring for program. Support divided along deep lines and much effort required to "sell" program. Payoff doesn't support effort required.

Criteria #7 - TRANSITION POTENTIAL. This criteria relates to what real opportunities exist to transition technology into systems and/or platforms.

4 - 5: A sponsor (i.e., platform or commodity PMA) has indicated a desire to transition the technology into their system. The transition has been included in their budget (i.e., PE number exists) and they have identified a suitable window when it can occur.

2 - 3: A sponsor has expressed interest based on maturity or potential payoff of the technology and is planning to include it into their next POM submittal. They have begun looking at a suitable window for insertion.

0 - 1: No sponsor has identified this technology yet as one they desperately need. They are awaiting further development and/or test results.